UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 16, 2019

Walmart Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

<u>Delaware</u> (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-06991 (Commission File Number) 71-0415188 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

702 S.W. 8th Street
Bentonville, Arkansas 72716-0215

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (479) 273-4000

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- "Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- " Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- " Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- " Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share		New York Stock Exchange
1.900% Notes Due 2022	WMT	New York Stock Exchange
2.550% Notes Due 2026		New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act "

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

In accordance with Item 2.02 of Form 8-K of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), Walmart Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), is furnishing to the SEC a press release that the Company will issue on May 16, 2019 (the "Press Release") and a financial presentation that will be first posted by the Company on the Company's website at http://stock.walmart.com on May 16, 2019 (the "Financial Presentation"). The Press Release and the Financial Presentation will disclose information regarding the Company's results of operations for the three months ended April 30, 2019, and the Company's financial condition as of April 30, 2019.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 2.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 hereto, which are furnished herewith pursuant to and relate to this Item 2.02, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise be subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. The information in this Item 2.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 hereto shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document filed by the Company with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder, the Exchange Act, or the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

The following documents are furnished as exhibits to this Current Report on Form 8-K:

99.1 Press Release

99.2 Financial Presentation

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 16, 2019

WALMART INC.

/s/ M. Brett Biggs By:

M. Brett Biggs Name:

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Title:



Walmart U.S. Q1 comp sales¹ grew 3.4% and Walmart U.S. eCommerce sales grew 37%, Company reports Q1 FY'20 GAAP EPS of \$1.33; Adjusted EPS² of \$1.13, led by strength at Walmart U.S.

- Total revenue was \$123.9 billion, an increase of \$1.2 billion, or 1.0%. Excluding currency2, total revenue was \$125.8 billion, an increase of \$3.1 billion, or 2.5%.
- Walmart U.S. comp sales of 3.4% marks the best Q1 comp in 9 years and is the fourth consecutive quarter above 3%. Operating income was better than expected, up 5.5%.
- Walmart U.S. eCommerce sales growth of 37% reflects strong growth in online grocery, as well as the Home and Fashion categories on Walmart.com.

"We're changing to enable more innovation, speed and productivity, and we're seeing it in our results. We're especially pleased with the combination of comparable sales growth from stores and eCommerce in the U.S. Our team is demonstrating an ability to serve customers today while building new capabilities for the future, and I want to thank them for a strong start to the year."

Doug McMillon
President and CEO, Walmart

- Sam's Club comp sales increased 0.3%, and eCommerce sales grew about 28%. Reduced tobacco sales negatively affected comp sales by 270 basis points.
- Net sales at Walmart International were \$28.8 billion, a decline of 4.9%. Excluding currency2, net sales were \$30.6 billion, an increase of 1.2%.
- Operating income declined 4.1%, or 3.0% in constant currency2, which was better than planned as strong results from Walmart U.S. and Sam's Club were offset by the inclusion of Flipkart this year.
- Adjusted EPS2 excludes an unrealized gain, net of tax, of \$0.20 on the company's equity investment in JD.com.

Key results

(Amounts in billions, except as noted. Dollar and percentage changes may not recalculate due to rounding.)

Walmart 💢	Q1 FY20	Q1 FY19	Change		
Revenue	\$123.9	\$122.7	\$1.2	1.0%	
Revenue (constant currency) ²	\$125.8	\$122.7	\$3.1	2.5%	
Operating income	\$4.9	\$5.2	-\$0.2	-4.1%	
Operating income (constant currency) ²	\$5.0	\$5.2	-\$0.2	-3.0%	

Free Cash Flow ²	Q1 FY20	\$ Change	Returns to Shareholders	Q1 FY20	% Change
Operating cash flow	\$3.6	-\$1.6	Dividends	\$1.5	-0.8%
Capital expenditures	\$2.2	\$0.4	Share repurchases ³	\$2.1	296.1%
Free cash flow ²	\$1.4	-\$2.0	Total	\$3.7	76.4%

NYSE: WMT May 16, 2019 stock.walmart.com

¹³⁻week period ended April 26, 2019 compared to 13-week period ended April 27, 2018, and excludes fuel. See Supplemental Financial Information for additional information.

² See additional information at the end of this release regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

^{3 \$9.2} billion remaining of \$20 billion authorization approved in October 2017. The company repurchased approximately 22 million shares in the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

Segment results

(Amounts in billions, except as noted. Dollar and percentage changes may not recalculate due to rounding.)

Walmart U.S.	Q1 FY20	Q1 FY19	Cha	nge
Net sales	\$80.3	\$77.7	\$2.6	3.3%
Comp sales (ex. fuel) ¹	3.4%	2.1%	130 bps	N/A
Transactions ²	1.1%	1.4%	-30 bps	N/A
★ Ticket ²	2.3%	0.7%	160 bps	N/A
* aCommoros	~140	~100		
eCommerce	bps	bps	~40 bps	N/A
Operating income	\$4.1	\$3.9	\$0.2	5.5%

Walmart :	Q1 FY20	Q1 FY19	Change		
Net sales	\$28.8	\$30.3	-\$1.5	-4.9%	
Net sales (constant currency)3	\$30.6	\$30.3	\$0.4	1.2%	
Operating income	\$0.7	\$1.3	-\$0.5	-41.7%	
Operating income (constant currency)3	\$0.8	\$1.3	-\$0.5	-37.5%	

Sam's Club. Savings Made Simple	Q1 FY20	Q1 FY19	Cha	nge
Net sales	\$13.8	\$13.6	\$0.2	1.5%
Comp sales (ex. fuel)1			-350	
	0.3%	3.8%	bps	N/A
Transactions	4.7%	5.6%	-90 bps	N/A
* Tieket			-260	
Ticket	-4.4%	-1.8%	bps	N/A
* eCommerce	~140 bps	~100 bps	~40 bps	N/A
Operating income	\$0.5	\$0.3	\$0.1	38.8%

^{1 13-}week period ended April 26, 2019 compared to 13-week period ended April 27, 2018, and excludes fuel. See Supplemental Financial Information for additional information.

2 In the first quarter of FY20, we updated our definition of traffic as a component of comparable sales to be all sales transactions in our stores as well as for eCommerce. Traffic will now be called transactions. For comparability, we revised this metric for FY19 and have provided a quarterly summary on our website at http://www.stock.walmart.com.

3 See additional information at the end of this release regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

Additional highlights for the first quarter

- Introduced increased rewards and protected PTO for U.S. associates
- Launched free NextDay delivery from Walmart.com with plans to reach 75% of U.S. population by year's end
- · Introduced Walmart Voice Order, initially through the Google Assistant, to make basket building for online grocery orders even easier
- Launched new personalized baby registry on Walmart.com
- · Introduced first online pet pharmacy, Walmartpetrx.com
- Announced participation in the USDA's SNAP online purchasing pilot
- · Announced partnership with Affirm to allow customers to make purchases and pay over time at Walmart stores and online
- Launched exclusive line of denim on Walmart.com with Sofia Vergara
- Launched exclusive MoDRN brand in the Home category
- · Launched exclusive Hello Bello brand in the Baby category with Kristen Bell and Dax Shepard
- · Launched exclusive Flower brand in the Home category on Walmart.com with Drew Barrymore
- · Launched Evolution 18, a health & wellness line from Bobbi Brown, in stores and online
- Announced partnership with KIDBOX to deliver personalized kids fashion through Walmart.com
- Announced the creation of a new Angus beef supply chain to service 500 U.S. stores
- · Launched new Intelligent Retail Lab in a live shopping environment to help unlock the possibilities of Artificial Intelligence
- Acquired natural language processing startup, Aspectiva
- Acquired assets of Polymorph Labs to expand in-house advertising technology
- Announced the launch of PhonePe as a payment option at Walmart's "B2B Cash & Carry" stores in India
- · Opened next generation Sam's Club in Shanghai
- · Launched a Super App solution with PhonePe in India
- · Launched Flipkart venture capital fund
- Launched new reusable shopping bag campaign in U.S. stores
- Announced new plastic packaging waste reduction commitments

About Walmart

Walmart Inc. (NYSE: WMT) helps people around the world save money and live better - anytime and anywhere - in retail stores, online, and through their mobile devices. Each week, over 275 million customers and members visit our more than 11,300 stores under 58 banners in 27 countries and eCommerce websites. With fiscal year 2019 revenue of \$514.4 billion, Walmart employs over 2.2 million associates worldwide. Walmart continues to be a leader in sustainability, corporate philanthropy and employment opportunity. Additional information about Walmart can be found by visiting http://corporate.walmart.com, on Facebook at http://facebook.com/walmart and on Twitter at http://twitter.com/walmart.

Investor Relations contact Dan Binder (479) 258-7172

Media Relations contact Randy Hargrove (800) 331-0085

NYSE: WMT May 16, 2019 stock.walmart.com

Walmart Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

(Amounts in millions, except per share data) Revenues:		-	April 30,	
(Amounts in millions, except per share data) Revenues:				
Revenues:	 2019		2018	Percent Change
Net sales	\$ 122,949	\$	121,630	1.1 %
Membership and other income	 976		1,060	(7.9)%
Total revenues	123,925		122,690	1.0 %
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales	93,034		91,707	1.4 %
Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses	 25,946		25,829	0.5 %
Operating income	4,945		5,154	(4.1)%
Interest:				
Debt	588		437	34.6 %
Finance, capital lease and financing obligations	85		93	(8.6)%
Interest income	 (48)		(43)	11.6 %
Interest, net	625		487	28.3 %
Other (gains) and losses	 (837)		1,845	(145.4)%
Income before income taxes	5,157		2,822	82.7 %
Provision for income taxes	 1,251		546	129.1 %
Consolidated net income	3,906		2,276	71.6 %
Consolidated net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	 (64)		(142)	(54.9)%
Consolidated net income attributable to Walmart	\$ 3,842	\$	2,134	80.0 %
Net income per common share:				
Basic net income per common share attributable to Walmart	\$ 1.34	\$	0.72	86.1 %
Diluted net income per common share attributable to Walmart	\$ 1.33	\$	0.72	84.7 %
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	2,869		2,950	
Diluted	2,886		2,967	
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 2.12	\$	2.08	

Walmart Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)	April 201		Ja	anuary 31, 2019		April 30, 2018
ASSETS		<u> </u>		2010		2010
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,255	\$	7,722	\$	7,885
Receivables, net		5,342	•	6,283	*	4,568
Inventories		4,751		44,269		43,303
Prepaid expenses and other		2,391		3,623		3,486
Total current assets		1,739		61,897		59,242
Total dation docto		,		. ,		,
Property and equipment, net	10	4,604		104,317		107,622
Operating lease right of use assets, net	1	6,833		_		_
Finance lease right of use assets, net		3,804		_		_
Property under capital lease and financing obligations, net		_		7,078		7,178
Goodwill	3	1,416		31,181		18,850
Other long-term assets	1	6,148		14,822		12,035
Total assets	\$ 23	4,544	\$	219,295	\$	204,927
				_		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Short-term borrowings	\$	4,828	\$	5,225	\$	7,762
Accounts payable	2	5,110		47,060		44,612
Dividends payable		4,551		_		4,607
Accrued liabilities	2	1,023		22,159		20,782
Accrued income taxes		729		428		718
Long-term debt due within one year		1,464		1,876		1,576
Operating lease obligations due within one year		1,748		_		_
Finance lease obligations due within one year		435		_		_
Capital leases obligations due within one year		_		729		700
Total current liabilities	7	9,888		77,477		80,757
Long-term debt		7,425		43,520		29,477
Long-term operating lease obligations		5,719		_		_
Long-term finance lease obligations		3,810		_		_
Long-term obligations under capital leases		_		6,683		6,828
Deferred income taxes and other	1	2,792		11,981		9,541
Commitments and contingencies						
Equity:						
Common stock		286		288		294
Capital in excess of par value		2,734		2,965		2,557
Retained earnings	7	6,276		80,785		82,982
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1	1,091)		(11,542)		(10,281)
Total Walmart shareholders' equity	6	8,205		72,496		75,552
Noncontrolling interest		6,705		7,138		2,772
Total equity	7	4,910		79,634		78,324
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 23	4,544	\$	219,295	\$	204,927

The Company adopted ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), and related amendments as of February 1, 2019 under the modified retrospective approach and, therefore, has not revised comparative periods.

Walmart Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Three Mont April	
(Amounts in millions)	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Consolidated net income	\$ 3,906	\$ 2,276
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,714	2,678
Unrealized (gains) and losses	(783)	1,845
Deferred income taxes	124	(50)
Other operating activities	75	265
Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:		
Receivables, net	970	1,134
Inventories	(421)	547
Accounts payable	(1,854)	(1,770
Accrued liabilities	(1,514)	(1,813
Accrued income taxes	346	49
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,563	5,161
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments for property and equipment	(2,205)	(1,818
Proceeds from the disposal of property and equipment	42	198
Proceeds from disposal of certain operations	833	_
Payments for business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(56)	_
Other investing activities	251	(62
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,135)	(1,682
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net change in short-term borrowings	(399)	2,501
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	3,978	_
Repayments of long-term debt	(364)	(2,521
Dividends paid	(1,520)	(1,533
Purchase of Company stock	(2,135)	(539
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interest	(96)	(66
Other financing activities	(310)	(328
Net cash used in financing activities	(846)	(2,486
Effect of exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(46)	143
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,536	1,136
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	7,756	7,014
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 9,292	\$ 8,150

Walmart Inc. Supplemental Financial Information (Unaudited)

Net sales and operating income

(dollars in millions)
Walmart U.S.
Walmart International
Sam's Club
Corporate and support
Consolidated

Net Sales							
	Three Months Ended						
	April 30,						
	Percent Change						
\$	80,344	\$	77,748	3.3 %			
	28,775		30,260	-4.9 %			
	13,830		13,622	1.5 %			
	_		_	N/A			
\$	122,949	\$	121,630	1.1 %			

Operating Income							
Three Months Ended							
			April 30,				
				Percent			
	2019		2018	Change			
\$	4,142	\$	3,927	5.5 %			
	738		1,265	-41.7 %			
	451		325	38.8 %			
	(386)		(363)	6.3 %			
\$	4,945	\$	5,154	-4.1 %			

U.S. comparable sales results

Walmart U.S. Sam's Club Total U.S.

With Fuel							
13 Weeks Ended							
4/26/2019	4/27/2018						
3.4%	2.2%						
1.1%	5.3%						
3.0%	2.6%						

Witho	ut Fuel
13 Weel	ks Ended
4/26/2019	4/27/2018
3.4%	2.1%
0.3%	3.8%
2.9%	2.3%

Fuel I	mpact
13 Weel	ks Ended
4/26/2019	4/27/2018
0.0%	0.1%
0.8%	1.5%
0.1%	0.3%

Comparable sales is a metric that indicates the performance of our existing stores and clubs and it is important to review in conjunction with the Company's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP. Comparable sales excluding fuel is also an important, separate metric that indicates the performance of our existing stores and clubs without considering fuel, which is volatile and unpredictable. Other companies in our industry may calculate comparable sales differently, limiting the comparability of the metric.

Walmart Inc. Reconciliations of and Other Information Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited)

The following information provides reconciliations of certain non-GAAP financial measures presented in the press release to which this reconciliation is attached to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The company has provided the non-GAAP financial information presented in the press release, which is not calculated or presented in accordance with GAAP, as information supplemental and in addition to the financial measures presented in the press release that are calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Such non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered superior to, as a substitute for or alternative to, and should be considered in conjunction with, the GAAP financial measures presented in the press release. The non-GAAP financial measures in the press release may differ from similar measures used by other companies.

Constant Currency

In discussing our operating results, the term currency exchange rates refers to the currency exchange rates we use to convert the operating results for countries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar into U.S. dollars or for countries experiencing hyperinflation. We calculate the effect of changes in currency exchange rates as the difference between current period activity translated using the current period's currency exchange rates and the comparable prior year period's currency exchange rates. Additionally, no currency exchange rate fluctuations are calculated for non-USD acquisitions until owned for 12 months.

Throughout our discussion, we refer to the results of this calculation as the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations. When we refer to constant currency operating results, this means operating results without the impact of the currency exchange rate fluctuations. The disclosure of constant currency amounts or results permits investors to better understand Walmart's underlying performance without the effects of currency exchange rate fluctuations.

The table below reflects the calculation of constant currency for total revenues, net sales and operating income for the three months ended April 30, 2019.

		Three Months	Ende	ed April 30,	
	Walmart International Consolidated				idated
(Dollars in millions)	2019	Percent Change ¹		2019	Percent Change ¹
Total revenues:					
As reported	\$ 29,073	-5.1 %	\$	123,925	1.0 %
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	1,853	N/A		1,853	N/A
Constant currency total revenues	\$ 30,926	1.0 %	\$	125,778	2.5 %
Net sales:					
As reported	\$ 28,775	-4.9 %	\$	122,949	1.1 %
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	 1,838	N/A		1,838	N/A
Constant currency net sales	\$ 30,613	1.2 %	\$	124,787	2.6 %
Operating income:					
As reported	\$ 738	-41.7 %	\$	4,945	-4.1 %
Currency exchange rate fluctuations	 52	N/A		52	N/A
Constant currency operating income	\$ 790	-37.5 %	\$	4,997	-3.0 %
¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.					

Free Cash Flow

We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities in a period minus payments for property and equipment made in that period. We had net cash provided by operating activities of \$3.6 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2019, which declined when compared to \$5.2 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2018 primarily due to an increase in inventory related to accelerated buying in certain categories, the timing of sell through for summer seasonal merchandise, increased eCommerce fulfillment center mirroring, and the timing of payments. We generated free cash flow of \$1.4 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2019, which declined when compared to \$3.3 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2018 due to the same reasons as the decline in net cash provided by operating activities, as well as \$0.4 billion in increased capital expenditures.

Free cash flow is considered a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes, however, that free cash flow, which measures our ability to generate additional cash from our business operations, is an important financial measure for use in evaluating the company's financial performance. Free cash flow should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, consolidated net income as a measure of our performance and net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of our liquidity.

Additionally, Walmart's definition of free cash flow is limited, in that it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary expenditures, due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the payments required for debt service and other contractual obligations or payments made for business acquisitions. Therefore, we believe it is important to view free cash flow as a measure that provides supplemental information to our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Although other companies report their free cash flow, numerous methods may exist for calculating a company's free cash flow. As a result, the method used by Walmart's management to calculate our free cash flow may differ from the methods used by other companies to calculate their free cash flow.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of free cash flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, to net cash provided by operating activities, which we believe to be the GAAP financial measure most directly comparable to free cash flow, as well as information regarding net cash used in investing activities and net cash used in financing activities.

		Three Mo	nths Ende	d
	<u></u>	Apr	il 30,	
(Dollars in millions)		2019		2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,563	\$	5,161
Payments for property and equipment (capital expenditures)	<u> </u>	(2,205)		(1,818)
Free cash flow	\$	1,358	\$	3,343
		_		_
Net cash used in investing activities ¹	\$	(1,135)	\$	(1,682)
Net cash used in financing activities		(846)		(2,486)

^{1 &}quot;Net cash used in investing activities" includes payments for property and equipment, which is also included in our computation of free cash flow.

Adjusted EPS

Adjusted diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart (Adjusted EPS) is considered a non-GAAP financial measure under the SEC's rules because it excludes certain amounts not excluded in the diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart calculated in accordance with GAAP (EPS), the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Management believes that Adjusted EPS is a meaningful measure to share with investors because it best allows comparison of the performance for the comparable period. In addition, Adjusted EPS affords investors a view of what management considers Walmart's core earnings performance and the ability to make a more informed assessment of such core earnings performance.

We have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months by adjusting EPS for the unrealized gains and losses on the company's equity investment in JD.com. We adjust for these unrealized gains and losses because although the Company's investment in JD.com was a strategic decision for the company's retail operations in China, management's measurement of that strategy is primarily focused on the Walmart China financial results rather than the investment value of JD.com. Additionally, management does not forecast changes in fair value of its equity investments. Accordingly, management adjusts EPS for the unrealized JD.com investment gains/losses.

		Three	Mon	ths Ended April	30, 2	019
Diluted earnings per share:						
Reported EPS					\$	1.33
Adjustments:	Pre-1	ax Impact		Tax Impact1		Net Impact
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	\$	(0.27)	\$	0.07	\$	(0.20)
Adjusted EPS					\$	1.13

¹ Calculated based on nature of item, including any realizable deductions, and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdictions.

As previously disclosed in our fiscal year ended April 30, 2018 press release, we have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months ended April 30, 2018 by adjusting EPS for the following: (1) unrealized gains and losses on JD.com, and (2) adjustment to the provisional amount recorded in Q4 fiscal 2018 related to Tax Reform. The Company completed its accounting for Tax Reform during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. The most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP is EPS for the three months ended April 30, 2018.

Three Months Ended April 30, 2018

Diluteu eariiliga per aliare	Dil	luted	l earnings	per sh	are
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\$0.72 Reported EPS

Adjustments:	Pre-Tax Impact	Tax Impact1	Net Impact
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	0.62	(0.15)	0.47
Adjustment to provisional amount for Tax Reform	_	(0.05)	(0.05)
Net adjustments			\$0.42
Adjusted EPS			\$1.14

¹ Calculated based on nature of item and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdictions.
² Change versus prior year comparable period



Safe harbor and non-GAAP measures

This presentation and the accompanying management commentary contains statements Walmart believes are "forward-looking statements" as defined in, and are intended to enjoy the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements within the meaning of, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Assumptions on which such forward-looking statements are based are also forward-looking statements. Walmart's actual results may differ materially from the guidance provided as a result of changes in circumstances, assumptions not being realized or other risks, uncertainties and factors including:

- economic, geo-political, capital markets and business conditions, trends and events around the world and in the markets in which Walmart operates; currency exchange rate fluctuations, changes in market interest rates and commodity prices; unemployment levels; competitive pressures; inflation or deflation, generally and in particular product categories; consumer confidence, disposable income, credit availability, spending levels, shopping patterns, debt levels and demand for certain merchandise;

- consumer contidence, disposable income, credit availability, spending levels, snopping patterns, debt levels and demand for certain merchandise; consumer arrollment in health and drug insurance programs and such programs reimbursement rates; the amount of Walmart's net sales denominated in the U.S. dollar and various foreign currencies; the impact of acquisitions, investments, divestitures, store or club closures, and other strategic decisions; Walmart's ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses, including within the eCommerce space; Walmart's effective tax rate and the factors affecting Walmart's effective tax rate and the factors affecting Walmart's effective tax rate, including assessments of certain tax contingencies, valuation allowances, changes in law, administrative audit outcomes, impact of discrete items and the mix of earnings between the U.S. and Walmart's international operations; changes in existing tax, labor and other laws and changes in tax rates;
- the imposition of new taxes on imports and new tariffs and changes in tariff rates:

- the imposition of new taxes on imports and new tariffs and changes in tariff rates; changes in existing trade restrictions and new trade restrictions; customer traffic and average ticket in Walmart's stores and clubs and on its eCommerce websites; the mix of merchandise Walmart sells, the cost of goods it sells and the shrinkage it experiences; the amount of Walmart's total sales and operating expenses in the various markets in which it operates; transportation, energy and utility costs and the selling prices of gasoline and diesel fuel supply chain disruptions and disruptions in seasonal buying patterns; consumer acceptance of and response to Walmart's stores, clubs, digital platforms, programs, merchandise offerings and delivery methods; other sequences of the proper ferricing Melmert are belated sectors.

- consumer acceptance of and response to Walmart's stores, clubs, digital platforms, programs, merchandise often cyber security events affecting Walmart and related costs; developments in, outcomes of, and costs incurred in legal or regulatory proceedings to which Walmart is a party; casually and accident-related costs and insurrance costs; including healthcare and other benefit costs; the turnover in Walmart's workforce and labor costs, including healthcare and other benefit costs; changes in accounting estimates or judgments; the level and consistent availability of public assistance payments; and natural disasters, public health emergencies, civil disturbances, and terrorist attacks; and

Such risks, uncertainties and factors also include the risks relating to Walmart's strategy, operations and performance and the financial, legal, tax, regulatory, compliance, reputational and other risks discussed in Walmart's most recent annual report on Form 10-K and subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC. Walmart urges you to consider all of the risks, uncertainties and factors identified above or discussed in such reports carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements in this release. Walmart cannot assure you that the results reflected or implied by any forward-looking statement will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that those results will have the forecasted or expected consequences and effects for or or Walmart's operations or financial performance. The forward-looking statements made in this release are as of the date of this release. Walmart undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP measures as defined under SEC rules, including net sales, revenue, and operating income on a constant currency basis, adjusted EPS, comp sales excluding fuel, free cash flow and return on investment. Refer to information about the non-GAAP measures contained in this presentation. Additional information as required by Regulation G and Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K regarding non GAAP measures can be found in our most recent Form 10-K and our Form 8-K furnished as of the date of this presentation with the SEC, which are available at www.stock.walmart.com.



(Amounts in millions, except per share data)	Q1	Δ^1	$\% \Delta^1$
Total revenue	123,925	\$ 1,235	1.0 %
Total revenue, constant currency ²	125,778	3,088	2.5 %
Net sales	122,949	1,319	1.1 %
Net sales, constant currency ²	124,787	3,157	2.6 %
Membership & other income	976	(84)	(7.9)%
Operating income	4,945	(209)	(4.1)%
Operating income, constant currency ²	4,997	(157)	(3.0)%
Interest expense, net	625	138	28.3 %
Other (gains) and losses	(837)	(2,682)	(145.4)%
Consolidated net income attributable to Walmart	3,842	1,708	80.0 %
EPS	1.33	0.61	84.7 %
Adjusted EPS ²	1.13	(0.01)	(0.9)%



	Q1	bps Δ ¹
Gross profit rate	24.3%	(27) bps
Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales	21.1%	(14) bps
Effective tax rate ²	24.3%	491 bps
Debt to total capitalization ³	45.9%	790 bps
Return on assets ⁴	4.0%	(80) bps
Return on investment ⁴	14.5%	60 bps

¹ Basis points change versus prior year comparable period.

³ Debt to total capitalization calculated as of April 30, 2019. Increase versus prior comparable period primarily due to a debt issuance to fund a portion of the purchase price for the Flipkart acquisition. Debt includes short-term borrowings, long-term debt due within one year, finance lease obligations due within one year, long-term debt and long-term finance lease obligations. Total capitalization includes debt and total Walmart shareholders' equity.



⁴ Calculated for the trailing 12 months ended April 30, 2019. For ROI, see press release located at www.stock.walmart.com and reconciliations at the end of presentation regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

² The increase in the effective tax rate for the quarter was primarily due to a favorable, provisional amount related to Tax Reform in Q1 of fiscal 2019. We completed our accounting for Tax Reform in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019.

(Amounts in millions)	Q1	30	\$ Δ ¹	% Δ ¹
Receivables, net	\$ 5,342	\$	774	16.9%
Inventories	44,751		1,448	3.3%
Accounts payable	45,110		498	1.1%



¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.







(Amounts in millions)	Q1	Δ^1
Operating cash flow	\$ 3,563	\$ (1,598)
Capital expenditures	2,205	387
Free cash flow ²	\$ 1,358	(1,985)
(Amounts in millions)	Q1	$\% \Delta^1$

Q1	% Δ ¹
\$ 1,520	(0.8)%
2,135	296.1%
\$ 3,655	76.4%
_	\$ 1,520 2,135





¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.

² See press release located at www.stock.walmart.com and reconciliations at the end of this presentation regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

³ \$9.2 billion remains of the \$20 billion authorization approved in October 2017. The company repurchased approximately 22 million shares in the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

Walmart U.S.

(Amounts in millions)	Q1	Δ^1
Net sales	\$80,344	3.3%
Comparable sales ^{2,3}	3.4%	130 bps
Comp transactions ⁴	1.1%	(30) bps
Comp ticket	2.3%	160 bps
eCommerce impact ³	~140 bps	~40 bps
Gross profit rate	Increase	6 bps
Operating expense rate	Decrease	(10) bps
Operating income	\$4,142	5.5%

¹ Change versus prior year comparable period.

³ The results of new acquisitions are included in our comp sales metrics in the 13th month after acquisition.



⁴ In the first quarter of FY20, we updated our definition of traffic as a component of comparable sales to be all sales transactions in our stores as well as for eCommerce. Traffic will now be called transactions. For comparability, we revised this metric for FY19 and have provided a quarterly summary on our website at http://www.stock.walmart.com.

² Comp sales for the 13-week ended April 26, 2019, excluding fuel.

Walmart U.S. - quarterly financial highlights

Sales

- Comp sales¹ increased 3.4%, the highest Q1 comp in nine years. Comp ticket increased 2.3% and comp transactions grew 1.1%. eCommerce
 contributed approximately 140 basis points to segment comp sales growth. Online grocery was a meaningful contributor to eCommerce growth.
- On a two-year stacked basis, comp sales were up 5.5% and comp transactions were up 2.5%.
- The shift in government SNAP assistance early in the year negatively affected Q1 comp sales by an amount similar to the benefit realized in Q4.
- Sales trends improved throughout the quarter and we finished with strong Easter holiday sales.

Gross profit rate

• Gross profit rate was better than expected and increased 6 basis points due primarily to favorable merchandise mix, including strength in private brands, less pressure from transportation costs, and improved eCommerce margins, partially offset by continued price investments.

Expenses

 Operating expenses leveraged 10 basis points. Physical stores leveraged expenses for the ninth consecutive quarter largely due to productivity improvements and better sales, partially offset by the growing mix of eCommerce.

Inventory

Comp store inventory was up about 3.1% and total inventory was up approximately 5.9%. This is due in part to accelerated buying in certain
categories, timing of sales for summer seasonal merchandise, and increased mirroring of inventory in eCommerce fulfillment centers. We expect
quantities to normalize as the year progresses.

Format growth

- We had net closures of 2 Supercenters and 9 Neighborhood Markets. We remodeled 100 stores.
- · As of Q1, we had approximately 2,450 grocery pickup locations, nearly 1,000 stores with grocery delivery and more than 900 pickup towers.



¹ Comp sales for the 13-week period ended April 26, 2019, excluding fuel.

Walmart U.S. - quarterly merchandise highlights

Category	Comp	Comments
Grocery ¹	+ mid single-digit	Momentum continued in food and consumables with strong comp sales despite the pull-forward of SNAP funding into Q4. Snack & beverages and pet categories were particularly strong. Customers are responding favorably to our pricing strategy, omni-channel offer and enhanced private brands. Food inflation was negligible, but we saw a modest increase in consumables inflation.
Health & wellness	+ mid single-digit	Pharmacy comp sales benefited from branded drug inflation. In addition, 90-day script counts increased due to a later cold, cough and flu season versus last year.
General merchandise ²	+ low single-digit	We delivered solid results across key categories due in part to strong Easter holiday sales. Home, lawn & garden, toys and wireless categories were the strongest performers during the quarter.



¹ Includes food and consumables

² General merchandise includes entertainment, toys, hardlines, apparel, home and seasonal

Walmart International

(Amounts in millions)		orted	Constant currency ¹		
	Q1	Δ^2	Q1	Δ^2	
Net sales	\$28,775	(4.9)%	\$30,613	1.2%	
Gross profit rate	Decrease	(172) bps	NP	NP	
Operating expense rate	Decrease	(30) bps	Decrease	(19) bps	
Operating income	\$738	(41.7)%	\$790	(37.5)%	



Walmart International - quarterly financial highlights

Sales

- Positive comp sales in three of our four largest markets Mexico, China and Canada. In the U.K., comps were negative as a result of the timing of Easter.
- · The deconsolidation of Brazil was a headwind in the quarter but was partially offset by sales from Flipkart.
- · Currency negatively affected net sales by \$1.8 billion.

Gross profi

Gross profit rate declined 172 basis points on a reported basis, primarily due to Flipkart. A change in mix towards lower margin categories and
price investments were also contributing factors in certain other markets.

Expenses

Operating expenses leveraged 30 basis points on a reported basis and 19 basis points in constant currency. Lapping discrete charges from the
prior year as well as positive comp sales and cost discipline across multiple markets contributed to the performance.

Operating income

- Operating income in the quarter declined 41.7% on a reported basis and declined 37.5% in constant currency, primarily due to Flipkart.
 - Timing of the Easter holiday negatively affected operating income in certain markets.
- · Changes in currency rates resulted in a \$52 million headwind to operating income.

Inventory

• During the quarter, inventory outpaced sales on a reported basis as planning for the shift in the timing of Easter affected certain markets.



Walmart International - key market quarterly results

Country ^{1,2}	Comp ³			Net sales ³	Gross	Operating	
Country	Sales	Transactions	Ticket	sales ³	profit rate ³	income ³	
Walmex ⁴	3.6%	(0.5)%	4.1%	5.0%	Decrease	Increase	
China	0.4%	(0.3)%	0.7%	1.4%	Decrease	Decrease	
Canada	1.2%	(0.5)%	1.7%	1.3%	Decrease	Decrease	
United Kingdom ⁵	(1.1)%	0.5%	(1.6)%	0.6%	Decrease	Decrease	

Results are presented on a constant currency basis here and for all key market highlights. Net sales and comp sales are presented on a nominal, calendar basis.

⁵ Comp sales for the United Kingdom are presented excluding fuel.



 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ eCommerce results are included for each of the markets listed in the table.

³ Change versus prior year comparable period.

⁴ Walmex includes the consolidated results of Mexico and Central America.

Walmart International - key market highlights

Walmex

- Net sales increased 5.0% and comp sales increased 3.6%, led by strength in Mexico.
 - In Mexico, comp sales increased 4.7% or 14.7% on a two-year stacked basis.
 - Added 41 stores in Mexico that offer online grocery bringing the total number of stores with this service to 236.
 - Continued expansion with the opening of 12 new stores (9 new stores in Mexico and 3 new locations in Central America).
- Comp sales growth continued to outpace ANTAD¹ self-service and clubs; Walmex has now outperformed the market for 17 consecutive quarters.
 - Increased eCommerce sales in Mexico by 49%.
- Gross profit rate declined primarily as a result of a higher level of markdowns as well as additional costs associated with a border disruption for apparel imports.
- · Operating income increased slightly as lower gross margins pressured results.

China

- Net sales increased 1.4% and comp sales increased 0.4%.
- · Sales were affected by certain factors, including soft sales in the hypermarket format.
- Gross profit rate declined as a result of a greater mix of lower margin Sam's Club sales as well as additional markdowns in general merchandise categories.
- Operating expense leverage is primarily due to store cost controls resulting from our "operate for less" program, which included lower supplies, labor and utility costs.
- · Operating income declined primarily as a result of gross margin pressures.



¹ ANTAD - Asociación Nacional de Tiendas de Autoservicio y Departamentales; The National Association of Supermarkets and Department Stores

Walmart International - key market highlights

Canada

- Net sales increased 1.3%, with comp sales growth of 1.2%.
 - Comp sales growth benefited from strength in grocery and fresh, partially offset by softer sales in general merchandise and apparel.
- · Gross profit rate declined primarily due to the change in mix to lower margin grocery categories as well as a greater level of markdowns in apparel.
- Operating expense leverage is primarily due to lapping a charge from the prior year related to the sale of Walmart Canada bank.
- · Operating income declined primarily as a result of increases to minimum wages and the decline in gross profit.

U.K.

- Net sales increased by 0.6%, as comp sales declined 1.1%.
 - The timing of Easter negatively affected net sales and resulted in negative comp sales.
 - Sales of private label products and growth in online grocery each outpaced the market.
 - Customer experience improved through a better price position and shelf availability.
- · Gross profit rate declined primarily as a result of increased fuel sales with lower margins.
- Operating expenses deleveraged, as planned, primarily due to cost inflationary pressures, omnichannel expansion and costs associated with the proposed merger.
- · Operating income declined, as planned, as a result of the decline in gross profit margin and expense deleverage.



Sam's Club

(Amounts in millions)	With	fuel	Without fuel ¹		
(Amounts in millions)	Q1	Δ ²	Q1	Δ^2	
Net sales	\$13,830	1.5%	\$12,453	0.6%	
Comparable sales ³	1.1%	(420) bps	0.3%	(350) bps	
Comp transactions	NP	NP	4.7%	(90) bps	
Comp ticket	NP	NP	(4.4)%	(260) bps	
eCommerce impact	NP	NP	~140 bps	~40 bps	
Gross profit rate	Increase	47 bps	Increase	68 bps	
Membership income	NP	NP	NP	0.9%	
Operating expense rate	Decrease	(32) bps	Decrease	(24) bps	
Operating income	\$451	38.8%	\$443	41.5%	



¹ Represents financial information of all non-fuel operations. For the three months ended April 30, 2019, fuel sales were \$1.4 billion and fuel operating income was \$8 million.

² Change versus prior year comparable period.

³ Comp sales for the 13-week ended April 26, 2019. Tobacco sales negatively affected comparable sales by 270 basis points for Q1. NP - Not provided

Sam's Club - quarterly financial highlights

Sales

- Comp sales¹ increased 0.3% and comp transactions grew 4.7%. Tobacco negatively affected comp sales by approximately 270 basis points.
- eCommerce sales increased approximately 28%.

Gross profit

Gross profit rate increased 47 basis points and 68 basis points, with and without fuel, respectively. Lower margins on fuel negatively
affected gross profit. Without fuel, gross profit rate benefited from a reduction in sales of tobacco and lapping costs associated with
closed clubs. These benefits were partially offset by increased eCommerce fulfillment and shipping costs.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales decreased 32 and 24 basis points, with and without fuel, respectively. Operating
expense leverage is primarily the result of lapping a charge of approximately \$50 million related to lease exit costs associated with club
closures. This was partially offset by a reduction in sales of tobacco.

Membership income

 Membership income increased 0.9%. Trends in membership improved, and membership count is greater than prior to the closure of nearly 10% of the club base in January 2018.

Inventory

Inventory increased 3.7% primarily due to eCommerce, including additional fulfillment centers and promotional events. Comp club
inventory increased 1.0%.



¹ Comp sales for the 13-week period ended April 26, 2019, excluding fuel.

Sam's Club - quarterly category highlights

Category	Comp	Comments
Fresh / Freezer / Cooler	+ low single-digit	Prepared meals, deli and frozen performed well.
Grocery and beverage	+ mid single-digit	Snacks, soda, spirits and candy performed well.
Consumables	+ high single-digit	Experienced broad-based strength, including paper goods, baby care and pet supplies.
Home and apparel	+ low single-digit	Apparel performed well.
Technology, office and entertainment	+ low single-digit	Mobile and gift cards performed well.
Health and wellness	+ low single-digit	OTC performed well.



Non-GAAP measures - ROI

We include Return on Assets ("ROA"), which is calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as well as Return on Investment ("ROI") as measures to assess returns on assets. Management believes ROI is a meaningful measure to share with investors because it helps investors assess how effectively Walmart is deploying its assets. Trends in ROI can fluctuate over time as management balances long-term strategic initiatives with possible short-term impacts. We consider ROA to be the financial measure computed in accordance with GAAP that is the most directly comparable financial measure to our calculation of ROI.

ROA was 4.0 percent and 4.8 percent for the trailing twelve months ended April 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The decline in ROA was primarily due to the decrease in consolidated net income over the trailing twelve months, primarily resulting from the \$4.5 billion net loss in fiscal 2019 related to the sale of the majority stake in Walmart Brazil and net unrealized loss on our JD.com investment. ROI was 14.5 percent and 13.9 percent for the trailing twelve months ended April 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in ROI was due to the increase in operating income over the trailing twelve months primarily as a result of lapping the restructuring and impairment charges in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018. The denominator remained relatively flat as the increase in average total assets due to the Flipkart Acquisition was largely offset by the decrease in average invested capital resulting from the removal of the eight times rent factor upon adoption of ASU 2016-02, Leases ("ASU 2016-02") as operating lease right of use assets are now included in total assets.

We define ROI as adjusted operating income (operating income plus interest income, depreciation and amortization, and rent expense) for the trailing 12 months divided by average invested capital during that period. We consider average invested capital to be the average of our beginning and ending total assets, plus average accrumdated depreciation and average amortization, less average accounts payable and average accrued liabilities for that period. Upon adoption of ASU 2016-02, rent for the trailing 12 months multiplied by a factor of 8 is no longer included in the calculation of ROI on a prospective basis as operating lease assets are now capitalized. For fiscal 2020, lease related assets and associated accumulated amortization are included in the denominator at their carrying amount as of the current balance sheet date, rather than averaged, because they are no longer directly comparable to the prior year calculation which included rent for the trailing 12 months multiplied by a factor of 8. A two-point average will be used for leased assets beginning in fiscal 2021, after one full year from the date of adoption of the new lease standard. Further, beginning prospectively in fiscal 2020, rent expense in the numerator excludes short-term and variable lease costs as these costs are not included in the operating lease right of use asset balance.



Non-GAAP measures - ROI cont.

Prior to adoption of ASU 2016-02, we defined ROI as adjusted operating income (operating income plus interest income, depreciation and amortization, and rent expense) for the trailing 12 months divided by average invested capital during that period. We considered average invested capital to be the average of our beginning and ending total assets, plus average accumulated depreciation and average amortization, less average accounts payable and average accrued liabilities for that period, plus a rent factor equal to the rent for the fiscal year or trailing 12 months multiplied by a factor of 8, which estimated the hypothetical capitalization of our operating leases. Because the new lease standard was adopted prospectively as of February 1, 2019, our calculation of ROI for the comparable fiscal 2019 period was not recast.

Our calculation of ROI is considered a non-GAAP financial measure because we calculate ROI using financial measures that exclude and include amounts that are included and excluded in the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. For example, we exclude the impact of depreciation and amortization from our reported operating income in calculating the numerator of our calculation of ROI. As mentioned above, we consider ROA to be the financial measure computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles most directly comparable to our calculation of ROI. ROI differs from ROA (which is consolidated net income for the period divided by average total assets for the period) because ROI: adjusts operating income to exclude certain expense items and adds interest income; adjusts total assets for the impact of accumulated depreciation and amortization, accounts payable and accrued liabilities to arrive at total invested capital. Because of the adjustments mentioned above, we believe ROI more accurately measures how we are deploying our key assets and is more meaningful to investors than ROA. Although ROI is a standard financial measure, numerous methods exist for calculating a company's ROI. As a result, the method used by management to calculate our ROI may differ from the methods used by other companies to calculate their ROI.



Non-GAAP measures - ROI cont.

The calculation of ROA and ROI, along with a reconciliation of ROI to the calculation of ROA, is as follows:

CALCULATION OF RE	TURN ON AS	SETS	CALCULATION OF RETURN ON INVESTMENT			
		Trailing Tw	elve Months	s Trailing Twelve M		
		Ended	April 30,	i	Ended	April 30,
(Dollars in millions)		2019	2018	(Dollars in millions)	2019	2018
Numerator		-	122	Numerator		
Consolidated net income		\$ 8,809	\$ 9,647	Operating income	\$ 21,748	\$ 20,354
Denominator				+ Interest income	222	160
Average total assets ¹		\$ 219,736	\$ 202,323	+ Depreciation and amortization	10,714	10,656
Return on assets (ROA)		4.0%	4.8%	+ Rent	2,866	3,036
				Adjusted operating income	\$ 35,550	\$ 34,206
	2/	April 30,	92	Denominator		
Certain Balance Sheet Data	2019	2018	2017	Average total assets ^{1,2}	\$ 226,465	\$ 202,323
Total assets	\$ 234,544	\$ 204,927	\$ 199,718	 + Average accumulated depreciation and amortization^{1,2} 	84,960	81,862
Leased assets, net	20,637	7,178	NP	 Average accounts payable¹ 	44,861	42,990
Total assets without leased assets, net	213,907	197,749	NP	 Average accrued liabilities¹ 	20,903	20,245
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	87,426	84,964	78,760	+ Rent x 8	N/A	24,288
Accumulated amortization on leased assets	3,085	5,556	NP	Average invested capital	\$ 245,661	\$ 245,238
Accumulated depreciation and amortization, without leased assets	84,341	79,408	NP	Return on investment (ROI)	14.5%	13.9%
Accounts payable	45,110	44,612	41,367			
Accrued liabilities	21 023	20.782	19 708			



¹The average is based on the addition of the account balance at the end of the current period to the account balance at the end of the prior period and dividing by 2. Average total assets as used in ROA includes the average impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02.

² For the twelve months ended April 30, 2019, as a result of adopting ASU 2016-02, average total assets is based on the average of 'total assets without leased assets, net' plus 'leased assets, net' as of April 30, 2019. Average accumulated depreciation and amortization is based on the average of 'accumulated depreciation and amortization, without leased assets' plus 'accumulated amortization on leased assets' as of April 30, 2019.

NP = not provided

Non-GAAP measures - free cash flow

We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities in a period minus payments for property and equipment made in that period. We had net cash provided by operating activities of \$3.6 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2018, which declined when compared to \$5.2 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2018 primarily due to an increase in inventory related to accelerated buying in certain categories, the timing of sell through for summer seasonal merchandise, increased eCommerce fulfillment center mirroring, and the timing of payments. We generated free cash flow of \$1.4 billion for the three months ended April 30, 2019, which declined when compared to \$3.3 billion for the twelve months ended April 30, 2018 due to the same reasons as the decline in net cash provided by operating activities, as well as \$0.4 billion in increased capital expenditures.

Free cash flow is considered a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes, however, that free cash flow, which measures our ability to generate additional cash from our business operations, is an important financial measure for use in evaluating the company's financial performance. Free cash flow should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, consolidated net income as a measure of our performance and net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. Additionally, Walmart's definition of free cash flow is limited, in that it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary expenditures, due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the payments required for debt service and other contractual obligations or payments made for business acquisitions. Therefore, we believe it is important to view free cash flow as a measure that provides supplemental information to our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Although other companies report their free cash flow, numerous methods may exist for calculating a company's free cash flow. As a result, the method used by Walmart's management to calculate our free cash flow may differ from the methods used by other companies to calculate their free cash flow

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of free cash flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, to net cash provided by operating activities, which we believe to be the GAAP financial measure most directly comparable to free cash flow, as well as information regarding net cash used in investing activities and net cash used in financing activities.

	100	Fiscai Yea Apri		iea
(Dollars in millions)		2018		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,563	\$	5,161
Payments for property and equipment (capital expenditures)	-	(2,205)	100	(1,818)
Free cash flow	\$	1,358	\$	3,343
Net cash used in investing activities ¹	\$	(1,135)	\$	(1,682)
Net cash used in financing activities		(846)		(2,486)



1 "Net cash used in investing activities" includes payments for property and equipment, which is also included in our computation of free cash flow.

Non-GAAP measures - constant currency

In discussing our operating results, the term currency exchange rates refers to the currency exchange rates we use to convert the operating results for countries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar into U.S. dollars or for countries experiencing hyperinflation. We calculate the effect of changes in currency exchange rates as the difference between current period activity translated using the current period's currency exchange rates and the comparable prior year period's currency exchange rates. Additionally, no currency exchange rate fluctuations are calculated for non-USD acquisitions until owned for 12 months.

Throughout our discussion, we refer to the results of this calculation as the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations. When we refer to constant currency operating results, this means operating results without the impact of the currency exchange rate fluctuations. The disclosure of constant currency amounts or results permits investors to better understand Walmart's underlying performance without the effects of currency exchange rate fluctuations. The table below reflects the calculation of constant currency for total revenues, net sales and operating income for the three months ended April 30, 2019.

	Three Months Ended April 30,				30,	
	-	2019	Percent Change ¹		2019	Percent Change ¹
(Dollars in millions)	v	/almart In	ternational		Conso	lidated
Total revenues:						
As reported	\$	29,073	-5.1%	\$	123,925	1.0%
Currency exchange rate fluctuations		1,853	N/A		1,853	N/A
Constant currency total revenues	\$	30,926	1.0%	\$	125,778	2.5%
Net sales:						
As reported	\$	28,775	-4.9%	\$	122,949	1.1%
Currency exchange rate fluctuations		1,838	N/A		1,838	N/A
Constant currency net sales	\$	30,613	1.2%	\$	124,787	2.6%
Operating income:						
As reported	\$	738	-41.7%	\$	4,945	-4.1%
Currency exchange rate fluctuations		52	N/A		52	N/A
Constant currency operating income	\$	790	-37.5%	\$	4,997	-3.0%
THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE RESERVE THE RESER	411			100		



Non-GAAP measures - adjusted EPS

Adjusted diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart (Adjusted EPS) is considered a non-GAAP financial measure under the SEC's rules because it excludes certain amounts not excluded in the diluted earnings per share attributable to Walmart calculated in accordance with GAAP (EPS), the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Management believes that Adjusted EPS is a meaningful measure to share with investors because it best allows comparison of the performance for the comparable period. In addition, Adjusted EPS affords investors a view of what management considers Walmart's core earnings performance and the ability to make a more informed assessment of such core earnings performance.

We have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months by adjusting EPS for the unrealized gains and losses on the company's equity investment in JD.com. We adjust for these unrealized gains and losses because although the Company's investment in JD.com was a strategic decision for the company's retail operations in China, management's measurement of that strategy is primarily focused on the Walmart China financial results rather than the investment value of JD.com. Additionally, management does not forecast changes in fair value of its equity investments. Accordingly, management adjusts EPS for the unrealized JD.com investment gains/losses.

		Three Mon	ths Ended April	30, 2019	•	Percent Change ¹
Diluted earnings per share:						
Reported EPS ²				\$	1.33	84.7%
Adjustments:	Pre-Ta	x Impact	Tax Impact ³	Net	Impact	
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	\$	(0.27)	\$ 0.07	\$	(0.20)	
Net adjustments				\$	(0.20)	
Adjusted EPS ²				\$	1.13	(0.9)%



¹Change versus prior year comparable period.

² The reported effective tax rate was 24.3% for the three months ended April 30, 2019. When adjusted for the above items, the effective tax rate was 24.2% for the three months ended April 30, 2019.

³ Calculated based on nature of item, including any realizable deductions, and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdictions.

Non-GAAP measures - adjusted EPS

As previously disclosed in our fiscal year ended April 30, 2018 press release, we have calculated Adjusted EPS for the three months ended April 30, 2018 by adjusting EPS for the following: (1) unrealized gains and losses on JD.com, and (2) adjustment to the provisional amount recorded in Q4 fiscal 2018 related to Tax Reform. The Company completed its accounting for Tax Reform during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. The most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP is EPS for the three months ended April 30, 2018.

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2018			
Diluted earnings per share:			10	
Reported EPS ²			\$0.72	
Adjustments:	Pre-Tax Impact	Tax Impact1	Net Impact	
Unrealized (gains) and losses on JD.com investment	0.62	(0.15)	0.47	
Adjustment to provisional amount for Tax Reform	_	(0.05)	(0.05)	
Net adjustments			\$0.42	
Adjusted EPS ²			\$1.14	

¹ Calculated based on nature of item and statutory rate in effect for relevant jurisdiction.

²The reported effective tax rate was 19.3% for the three months ended April 30, 2018. When adjusted for the above items, the effective tax rate was 24.5% for the three months ended April



Additional resources at stock.walmart.com

- Unit counts & square footage
- Comparable store sales, including and excluding fuel
- Revised fiscal 2019 quarterly comp transactions
- Terminology

