UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

PART I. FINANCIAL Item 1. Financial Statements	INFORMATION
Page 1 of 16 (F	orm 10-Q)
Common Stock, \$.10 Par Value - 4,466,335,662 shares	s as of July 31, 2000.
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the latest practical date.	of the issuer's classes of common stock, as
Applicable Only to Co	orporate Issuers
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has be filed by Sections 12, 13, or 15(d) of the Secundistribution of securities under a plan confirmed keeping No No	rities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the
Applicable Only to Issuers : Proceedings During the P	_ _
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Ac such shorter periods that the registrant was requisible such such filing requirements for the past 90 Yes \underline{X} No $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	t of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or ired to file such reports), and (2) has been
Not applicable (Former name, former address and former if changed since last report)	Eiscal year,
(Registrant's telephone number, including	g area code)
702 S.W. Eighth Street <u>Bentonville, Arkansas</u> (Address of principal executive offices)	72716 (Zip Code)
	71-0415188 I.R.S. Employer entification No.)
<u>WAL-MART STOR</u> (Exact name of registrant as s	
Commission file number <u>1-6991</u>	
[] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 1 for the transition period fromto	15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
or	
[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(the quarterly period ended <u>July 31, 2000</u> .	d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for

WAL-MART STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Amounts in millions)

Inventories Prepaid expenses and other Total current assets	21,093 1,593 25,245	19,793 1,366 24,356
Property, plant and equipment, at cost Less accumulated depreciation Net property, plant and equipment	43,937 <u>9,048</u> 34,889	41,063 8,224 32,839
Property under capital leases Less accumulated amortization Net property under capital leases	4,342 1,227 3,115	4,285 1,155 3,130
Net goodwill and other acquired intangible assets Other assets and deferred charges Total assets	9,265 <u>893</u> \$ 73,407	9,392 632 \$ 70,349
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Commercial paper Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	\$ 5,940 12,634 5,806 2,356 26,736	\$ 3,323 13,105 6,161 3,214 25,803
Long-term debt Long-term obligations under capital leases Deferred income taxes and other Minority interest Common stock and capital in excess of par value Retained earnings Other accumulated comprehensive income Total shareholders' equity	13,716 2,968 811 1,080 1,717 27,333 (954) 28,096	13,672 3,002 759 1,279 1,160 25,129 (455) 25,834
Total liabilities and shareholders' Equity	<u>\$ 73,407</u>	<u>\$ 70,349</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

* Note: The balance sheet at January 31, 2000, has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, and condensed.

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WAL-MART STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in millions except per share data)

	Three Month July 3 2000		Six Months Ended <u>July 31,</u> 2000 1999	
Revenues:				
Net Sales	\$ 46,112	\$ 38,470	\$ 89,097	\$ 73,187
Other income - net	476	443	938	<u>855</u>
	46,588	38,913	90,035	74,042
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales	36,044	30,123	69,709	57 , 364
Operating, selling and general and administrative expenses	7 , 625	6 , 573	14,943	12,461
Interest costs:				
Debt	273	125	536	252
Capital leases	71	66	138	130
	44,013	<u>36,887</u>	<u>85,326</u>	70,207
<pre>Income before income taxes, minority interest, equity in unconsolidated subsidiaries and cumulative effect of accounting change</pre>				
Provision for income taxes	2 , 575 948	•	4,709	•
Income before minority interest, equity in unconsolidated subsidiaries and	948	<u>741</u>	1,733	1,403
cumulative effect of accounting change	1,627	1,285	2,976	2,432

Minority interest and equity in unconsolidated subsidiaries	(31)_	(34)_	(54)	(67)
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	1,596	1,251	2,922	2,365
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax benefit of \$119				(198)
Net income	\$ 1,596	\$ 1,251	\$ 2,922	\$ 2,167
Net income per common share: Basic net income per common share Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax Net income per common share Average number of common shares	\$ 0.36 \$ - \$ 0.36 4,465	\$ 0.28 \$ - \$ 0.28 4,450	\$ -	\$ (0.04)
Dilutive net income per common share Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax Net income per common share Average number of common shares	\$ 0.36 \$ - \$ 0.36 4,487	\$ 0.28 \$ - \$ 0.28 4,473	<u>\$</u> _	\$ (0.04)
Dividends per share	\$ 0.0600	\$ 0.0500	\$ 0.1200	\$ 0.1000

See accompanying notes condensed consolidated financial statements.

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WAL-MART STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (Amounts in millions)

(Amounts in millions)		
	Six Months July 3	
	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 2,922	\$ 2,167
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,331	1,056
Cumulative effect of accounting change (net of tax)	-	198
Increase in inventories	(1,413)	(1,126)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(336)	914
Other	(461)	(491)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,043	2,718
Cash flows from investing activities: Payments for property, plant & equipment	(3,724)	(2,351)
Investment in international operations	(617)	(2,848)
Other investing activities	<u> </u>	119
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,246)	(5,080)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in commercial paper	2,127	2,991
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	1,017	-
Dividends paid	(534)	(445)
Payment of long-term debt	(1,294)	(321)
Purchase of Company stock	(193)	(101)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	582	-
Other financing activities	(48)	(133)_
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,657	1,991

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(546)	(371)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,856	1,879
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,310	\$ 1,508
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid	\$ 1 , 717	\$ 607
Interest paid	703	395
Obligation for ASDA shares tendered	-	6,406
Capital lease obligations incurred	195	195
Property, plant and equipment acquired with debt	-	42

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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WAL-MART STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of July 31, 2000, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and six month periods ended July 31, 2000, and 1999, and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six month periods ended July 31, 2000, and 1999, are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements have been included. The adjustments consisted only of normal recurring items. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

The financial statements and notes are presented in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and do not contain certain information included in the Company's annual report. Therefore, the interim statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual report for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2000.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods to conform to current presentations.

NOTE 2. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is based on the weighted average outstanding common shares. Diluted net income per share is based on the weighted average outstanding common shares reduced by the dilutive effect of stock options (22 million and 23 million shares for the quarters ended July 31, 2000 and 1999, and 22 million and 24 million for the six months periods ended July 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively).

NOTE 3. Inventories

The Company uses the retail last-in, first-out (LIFO) method for the Wal-Mart Stores segment, cost LIFO for the Sam's Club segment, and other cost methods, including the retail first-in, first-out (FIFO) and average cost methods, for the International segment. Inventories are not in excess of market value. Quarterly inventory determinations under LIFO are partially based on assumptions as to inventory levels at the end of the fiscal year, sales for the year and the rate of inflation for the year. If the FIFO method of accounting had been used by the Company, inventories at July 31, 2000, would have been \$398 million higher than reported, which is an increase in the LIFO reserve of \$20 million from January 31, 2000, and an increase of \$10 million from April 30, 2000. If the FIFO method had been used at July 31, 1999, inventories would have been \$433 million higher than reported, a decrease in the LIFO reserve of \$40 million from January 31, 1999, and a decrease of \$20 million from April 30, 1999.

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The Company is principally engaged in the operation of mass merchandising stores that serve customers primarily through the operation of three segments. The Company identifies its segments based on management responsibility within the United States and geographically for all international units. The Wal-Mart Stores segment includes the Company's discount stores and Supercenters in the United States. The Sam's Club segment includes the warehouse membership clubs in the United States. The International segment includes all operations in Argentina, Brazil, Canada, China, Germany, Korea, Mexico, Puerto Rico and the United Kingdom. The revenues in the "Other" category result from sales to third parties by McLane Company, Inc., a wholesale distributor.

Net sales by operating segment were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
	<u>July 31,</u>		<u>July</u>	<u>31,</u>	
	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u> 1999</u>	
Wal-Mart Stores	\$ 29,647	\$ 26,614	\$ 57 , 187	\$ 50,540	
Sam's Club	6,665	6,156	12,744	11,736	
International	7,404	3,682	14,601	6 , 973	
Other	2,396	2,018	4,565	3,938	
Total Net Sales	\$ 46,112	\$ 38,470	\$ 89,097	\$ 73,187	

Operating profit and reconciliation to income before income taxes, minority interest, equity in unconsolidated subsidiaries and cumulative effect of accounting change are as follows (in millions):

	Three Mont July 2000		Six Month July 2000	
Wal-Mart Stores	\$ 2,560	\$ 2,187	\$ 4,720	\$ 3,984
Sam's Club	240	214	429	385
International	232	113	381	175
Other	(113)_	(297)_	(147)_	(327)_
Operating profit	\$ 2,919	\$ 2,217	\$ 5,383	\$ 4,217
Interest expense	344	191	674	382
Income before income taxes, minority interest, equity in unconsolidated subsidiaries and cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 2,575	\$ 2,026	\$ 4,709	\$ 3,835
	<u>, _/o.o</u>	<u>/</u>	7.00	<u>, 0,000</u>

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Operating profit information for the three and six months ended July 31, 1999, has been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. For this reclassification, certain intercompany operating profits and corporate expenses have been moved from the other category to the operating segments.

NOTE 5. Comprehensive Income

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components. Comprehensive income is net income, plus certain other items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity, bypassing net income. The only such item currently applicable to the Company is foreign currency translation adjustments.

Comprehensive income was \$1,223 million and \$1,247 million for the quarters ended July 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively and was \$2,423 million and \$2,191 million for the six months ended July 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

NOTE 6. Acquisition of Additional Interest in Wal-Mart de Mexico

On April 19, 2000, the Company purchased 271.3 million shares of stock in Wal-Mart de Mexico S.A. de C.V. (formerly Cifra S.A. de C.V.) at a total cash cost of \$587 million. This transaction increased the Company's ownership percentage by approximately 6% and resulted in goodwill of \$422 million, which is being amortized over a 40-year life. In a separate transaction on April 19, 2000, the Company also issued 10.8 million shares of its common stock

to two private investors and received proceeds of \$582 million. These proceeds were used to replenish operating cash, which was reduced as a result of our purchase of Wal-Mart de Mexico stock described above.

NOTE 7. Accounting Changes

In fiscal 2000, the Company changed its method of accounting for Sam's membership fee revenue both domestically and internationally. Previously, the Company had recognized membership fee revenues when received. Under the new accounting method, the Company recognizes membership fee revenues over the term of the membership, which is 12 months. The Company recorded a non-cash charge of \$198 million (after reduction for income taxes of \$119 million), or \$.04 per share to reflect the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of fiscal 2000. The comparative financial statements presented in this Form 10-Q reflect the effects of the accounting change required by SAB 101.

An additional requirement of SAB 101 is that layaway transactions be recognized upon delivery of the merchandise to the customer rather than at the time that the merchandise is placed on layaway. The Company offers a layaway program that allows customers to purchase certain items and make payments on these purchases over a specific period. Until the first quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company recognized revenues from these layaway transactions at the time that the merchandise was placed on layaway. During the first quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company changed its accounting method for layaway transactions so that the revenue from these

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transactions is not recognized until the customer satisfies all payment obligations and takes possession of the merchandise. The impact of this accounting change was not material and did not impact earnings per share in the second quarter of fiscal 2001. Since layaway transactions are a small portion of the Company's revenue, the Company does not anticipate that this accounting change will have a material impact on the results for the fiscal year. However, due to the seasonality of the retail industry, the accounting change will result in a shift of revenues and earnings between quarters, especially from the third quarter into the fourth quarter of the fiscal year. Due to the de minimis impact of this accounting change, prior fiscal year quarters have not been restated.

NOTE 8. Subsequent Event

In August 2000, the Company sold notes totaling \$500 million. These notes bear interest at 6.875% and will be due in August 2002. Additionally in August 2000, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby it will receive a fixed rate of 6.875% and will pay a floating rate which will be reset monthly based on the LIBOR. The proceeds from the sale of these notes were used to reduce the short-term commercial paper debt incurred to retire long-term indebtedness that matured in June 2000. Therefore, the Company classified \$499 million of commercial paper as long-term debt on the July 31, 2000 balance sheet.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations

The Company had 20% and 22% sales increases for the quarter and the six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively, when compared to the same periods in fiscal 2000. These sales increases were attributable to the Company's domestic and international expansion programs and domestic comparative store sales increases of 5.4% and 7.2% for the quarter and the six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively. These comparative store sales increases for the Wal-Mart stores segment were 5.2% and 7.3% for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively. For the Sam's Clubs segment the comparative sales increases were 6.0% and 6.5% for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively.

Domestic expansion activity during the first six months of fiscal 2001 included the addition of 13 new Wal-Mart stores, 27 new Supercenters, four new Sam's Clubs and the conversion of 48 Wal-Mart stores to Supercenters. International expansion during the first six months of fiscal 2001 included the addition of two units in Brazil, two units in China, 15 units in Mexico and eight units in the United Kingdom, including the Company's first Supercenter in the United Kingdom.

At July 31, 2000, the Company had 1,766 Wal-Mart stores, 796 Supercenters, and 466 Sam's Clubs in the United States. Internationally, the Company operated units in Argentina(10), Brazil(16), Canada(166), Germany(95), Korea (5), Mexico(473), Puerto Rico(15), the United

Kingdom

(240) and under joint venture agreements in China (8). At July 31, 1999, the Company had 1,835 Wal-Mart stores, 622 Supercenters, and 453 Sam's Clubs in the United States. Internationally, the Company operated units in Argentina(13), Brazil(14), Canada(155), Germany(95), Mexico(433) and Puerto Rico(15) and under joint venture agreements in China(6) and Korea (5).

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The Wal-Mart Stores segment had 11.4% and 13.2% sales increases for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively, when compared to the sales in the same periods in fiscal 2000. These increases were due to continued expansion activities within the segment and sales increases in comparable stores. The Wal-Mart Stores segment sales as a percentage of total Company sales decreased from 69.2% and 69.1% in the quarter and six months ended July 31, 1999, to 64.3% and 64.2% for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively. This decrease is a result of international sales growth resulting from the ASDA Group PLC (ASDA) acquisition which was completed in the third quarter of fiscal 2000.

The Sam's Clubs segment had 8.3% and 8.6% sales increases for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively, when compared to the sales in the same periods in fiscal 2000. These increases were due to continued expansion activities within the segment and sales increases in comparable clubs. Sam's Clubs sales as a percentage of total Company sales fell from 16.0% in each of the quarter and six months ended July 31, 1999, to 14.5% and 14.3% for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively. This decrease is largely as a result of the ASDA acquisition and more units being added in other segments.

The International segment had 101.1% and 109.4% sales increases for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively, when compared to the sales in the same periods in fiscal 2000. These increases were due principally to expansion activities which included the acquisition of ASDA, which was completed in the third quarter of fiscal 2000. Disregarding the ASDA results, the International segment sales increase was 12.6% and 14.9% for the quarter and six months ended July 31, 2000, respectively. International sales accounted for 16.1% and 16.4% of total Company sales in the quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001, respectively, compared with 9.6% and 9.5% during the same periods in fiscal 2000.

The Company's gross profit as a percentage of sales increased from 21.7% in the second quarter of fiscal 2000 to 21.8% during the second quarter of fiscal 2001. For the six-month period ended July 31, 2000, gross profit as a percentage of sales was 21.8%, up from 21.6% in last year's comparable period. The improvements in gross profit occurred despite the continuation of the Company's price rollback program and with significant growth in the lower margin food business. The Sam's Clubs segment comprises a lower percentage of consolidated Company sales. As a result, the gross profit stated as a percentage of sales for the Company as a whole, is positively impacted since Sam's Clubs contribution to gross profit is a lower percentage than that of the Wal-Mart and International operating segments. Additionally, markdowns and shrinkage

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for the quarter and first six months of fiscal 2001 were down as a percentage of sales when compared to the same period in fiscal 2000.

Operating, selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of sales, were 16.5% for the second quarter of fiscal 2001, down from 17.1% in the corresponding period last year and 16.8% compared with 17.0% for the six-month period. Expenses for the quarter and six-month period in fiscal 2000 were impacted by the May 16, 1999, settlement of a lawsuit, which resulted in a charge in the second quarter of fiscal 2000. Disregarding the charge taken in connection with this settlement, expenses would have increased by 8 basis points and 7 basis points, as a percentage of sales, for the quarter and six-month period ended July 31, 2000, respectively. Expenses as a percentage of sales are negatively affected in the consolidated results due to the change in percentages of the total volume generated by Sam's Club and the International segments. The volume generated by the Sam's club segment, which has lower expenses as a percent of sales, decreased as a proportion of the total volume and the percentage of the total volume generated by the International segment, which has higher expenses as a percent of sales, increased.

Expenses as a percent of sales for the Wal-Mart stores segment were largely unchanged from the prior year second quarter and six month periods. The Sam's Clubs segment experienced a slight decrease in expenses as a percent of sales when comparing the second quarter to the same

period last year, and a slight increase when comparing the six month periods.

The International segment's operating profit increased from \$113 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2000 to \$232 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2001. Operating profit increased \$206 million for the six-month period ended July 31, 2000 when compared to the same period of the previous year. This increase is due to the inclusion of the operating results of ASDA in the three and six month periods ending July 31, 2000, which are not included in comparable periods in fiscal 2000. Partially offsetting the increase caused by the ASDA acquisition are the negative impacts of store remodeling costs, start-up costs for a new distribution system, excess inventory and transition related expenses in the Company's German units.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$2.0 billion for the first six-months of fiscal 2001, compared with \$2.7 billion for the comparable period in fiscal 2000. Operating cash flow was down for the six-months ended July 31, 2000, primarily due to a decrease of \$336 million in accounts payable compared with an increase in accounts payable of \$914 million in fiscal 2000 and the addition of \$1.4 billion in inventory compared with an increase in inventory of \$1.1 billion in the comparable period in fiscal 2000.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by 13%, or \$198 million, when compared with the end of the same period in fiscal 2000. During the first six months of fiscal 2001, the Company paid \$193 million to repurchase

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its common stock, issued common stock for proceeds of \$582 million, paid dividends of \$534 million, invested \$3,724 million in capital expenditures and paid \$617 million for additional interests in its Korean subsidiary and in Wal-Mart de Mexico SA de CV. Additionally, during the six-months ended July 31, 2000, the Company increased its commercial paper borrowings by \$2.1 billion and received proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt in the amount of \$1 billion. The Company made scheduled payments of long-term debt totaling \$1.3 billion during the first half of fiscal 2001.

On April 19, 2000, the Company sold to two private offshore investors for cash, 10,810,837 shares of its common stock, \$0.10 par value per share (the "Common Stock"), for an aggregate price of \$582 million. The Company sold the shares of common stock to such purchasers in reliance on the exemption contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The sales were not underwritten, and the Company paid no commissions or discounts in connection with those sales. The Company used the proceeds of the sales to replenish its operating cash, which was reduced as a result of its purchase earlier on April 19, 2000, of a block of class V common shares of its subsidiary, Wal-Mart de Mexico, S.A. de C.V., over the Mexican Stock Exchange.

At July 31, 2000, the Company had total assets of \$73,407 million compared with total assets of \$70,349 million at January 31, 2000. Working capital deficit at July 31, was \$1,491 million, an increase of \$44 million from \$1,447 million at January 31, 2000. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 0.9 to 1.0, at July 31, 2000, January 31, 2000 and July 31, 1999.

In June 2000, the call option on \$500 million of outstanding debt with imbedded call and put options was exercised and all of the outstanding bonds were purchased from the bondholders. The bonds were then remarketed. The remarketed bonds are due June 2018, bear interest at an initial rate of 5.955% and will be subject to annual put/call options which can be exercised every June 1. The interest rate, if the bonds are not put to the Company, will be reset as a fixed rate every June 1 through June 2017. The Company received no proceeds from the resale of the bonds and will continue to pay the interest on the bonds annually each June.

In August 2000, the Company sold notes totaling \$500 million. These notes bear interest at 6.875% and will be due in August 2002. Additionally in August 2000, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby it will receive a fixed rate of 6.875% and will pay a floating rate which will be reset monthly based on the LIBOR. The proceeds from the sale of these notes were used to reduce the short-term commercial paper debt incurred to retire long-term indebtedness that matured in June 2000. Therefore, the Company classified \$499 million of commercial paper as long-term debt in the July 31, 2000 balance sheet.

The Company anticipates generating sufficient operating cash flow to pay dividends, to fund all capital expenditures, and to repay the commercial paper and short-term borrowings. The Company plans to refinance existing long-term debt as it matures and may desire to obtain

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additional long-term financing for other purposes or for strategic reasons. The Company anticipates no difficulty in obtaining long-term financing in view of its excellent credit rating and favorable experiences in the debt market in the recent past. After the August debt issuance the Company has a shelf registration under which it can sell up to \$2.5 billion of additional debt securities in the public markets.

Accounting Pronouncements

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." The Statement will be effective for the Company beginning February 1, 2001. The new Statement requires all derivatives to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value and establishes accounting treatment for three types of hedges: hedges of changes in the fair value of assets, liabilities, or firm commitments; hedges of the variable cash flows of forecasted transactions; and hedges of foreign currency exposures of net investments in foreign operations. The Company is analyzing the implementation requirements and currently does not anticipate there will be a material impact on the results of operations or financial position after the adoption of Statement No. 133.

In March 2000, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 44 ("FIN 44"), "Accounting of Certain Transactions involving Stock Compensation an interpretation of APB Opinion No. 25." FIN 44 clarifies the application of Opinion 25 for (a) the definition of employee for purposes of applying Opinion 25, (b) the criteria for determining whether a plan qualifies as a noncompensatory plan, (c) the accounting consequence of various modifications to the terms of a previously fixed stock option or award, and (d) the accounting for an exchange of stock compensation awards in a business combination.

FIN 44 is effective July 1, 2000, but certain conclusions cover specific events that occur after either December 15, 1998, or January 12, 2000. Management believes that the impact of FIN 44 will not have a material effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

<u>Market Risk</u>

Market risks relating to the Company's operations result primarily from changes in interest rates and changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's market risks at July 31, 2000 are similar to those disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2000, however, the Company has increased the notional amount of cross currency swaps by \$2.5 billion during the first six months of fiscal 2001. Additionally, the fair value of the Company's interest rate derivative financial instruments related to debt and currency swaps has increased from \$152 million at January 31, 2000 to \$675 million at July 31, 2000. The information concerning market risk under the sub-caption "Market Risk" of the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis" on pages 21 through 24 of the Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ended January 31, 2000, is hereby incorporated by reference.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not a party to any material pending legal proceedings. Neither the Company nor any of its properties is subject to any material pending legal proceeding, other than routine litigation incidental to the Company's business.

The Company recently opened a Supercenter in Honesdale, Pennsylvania. In February of 1999, the Company settled claims made by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PDEP) that a subcontractor's acts and omissions relating to the construction of the Supercenter led to excess erosion and sedimentation of a nearby creek. In the settlement, the

Company agreed to pay a fine of \$25,000 and to perform a \$75,000 community environmental project in the Honesdale area. The Company is negotiating settlement of a claim by the United States Army Corps of Engineers that the construction resulted in the filling of approximately 0.76 acres in excess of the permitted fill area of waters and wetlands at the site. The proposed settlement with the Corps will require the Company to pay \$200,000 to a non-profit corporation for the purchase of local wetlands conservation areas and easements. The Company has been reimbursed for these amounts by the contractor on the project.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is threatening to bring suit against the Company and five of its contractors over alleged violations of a 1992 storm water permit issued with respect to various Wal-Mart development sites in Texas, New Mexico and Oklahoma. The EPA has presented the Company with penalty calculations of \$5.6 million.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2001, the State of Connecticut filed suit against the Company for various violations of state environmental laws alleging the Company failed to adequately permit and or maintain records relating to storm water management practices at 12 stores. The Company will vigorously defend against these allegations.

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

As noted in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation—Liquidity and Capital Resources", on April 19, 2000, the Company sold 10,810,837 shares of its Common Stock. The shares were sold to two private offshore investors for an aggregate cash price of \$582,450,449. The shares were sold to those investors in reliance on the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. The offer and sale of the shares was made in negotiated transactions that did not involve any public solicitation or advertising of the offer of the shares. The Company offered and sold the shares only to sophisticated investors who could evaluate the merits and risks of an investment in shares of the Common Stock. The Company put into place the usual restrictive legends on the share certificates and those other precautions

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to prevent the resale or other disposition of the shares except pursuant to an effective registration statement or an available exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. The offer and sale of those shares was not underwritten, and no underwriting discounts or commissions were paid by the Company in connection with the offer and sale of those shares.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Company's Annual Shareholders' Meeting was held June 2, 2000, in Fayetteville, Arkansas.

Election of Directors:

At that meeting, the shareholders elected for one-year terms all persons nominated for directors as set forth in the Company's proxy statement dated April 14, 2000.

		Against or		Broker
	<u>For</u>	<u>Withheld</u>	<u>Abstentions</u>	Non-Votes
John T. Chambers	3,957,870,394	54,552,478	0	0
Stephen Friedman	3,928,432,324	83,990,548	0	0
Stanley C. Gault	3,967,278,418	45,144,454	0	0
David D. Glass	3,950,824,417	61,598,455	0	0
Roland A. Hernandez	3,973,659,422	38,763,450	0	0
Dr. Frederick S. Humphries	3,973,483,125	38,939,747	0	0
E. Stanley Kroenke	3,950,595,522	61,827,350	0	0
Elizabeth A. Sanders	3,973,466,406	38,956,466	0	0
H. Lee Scott, Jr.	3,968,876,850	43,546,022	0	0
Jack C. Shewmaker	3,967,016,608	45,406,264	0	0
Donald G. Soderquist	3,968,499,211	43,923,661	0	0
Dr. Paula Stern	3,973,410,333	39,012,539	0	0
Jose H. Villarreal	3,973,427,100	38,995,772	0	0
John T. Walton	3,968,700,364	43,722,508	0	0
S. Robson Walton	3,968,872,773	43,550,099	0	0

The Shareholders rejected a shareholder proposal regarding Glass Ceiling Review.

	Against or		Broker
For	Withheld	Abstentions	Non-Votes

176,715,608 3,317,771,179 109,956,760 407,979,325

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Item 5. Other Information

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of the Company. Certain statements contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis and in other Company filings are forward-looking statements. These statements discuss, among other things, expected growth, future revenues, future cash flows and future performance. The forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties including but not limited to the cost of goods, competitive pressures, inflation, consumer debt levels, currency exchange fluctuations, trade restrictions, changes in tariff and freight rates, Year 2000 issues, interest rate fluctuations and other capital market conditions, and other risks indicated in the Company's filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. Actual results may materially differ from anticipated results described in these statements.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) The following documents are filed as an exhibit to this Form 10-Q:

Exhibit 12 - Statement Re Computation of Ratios Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

Report of Form 8-K, dated June 1, 2000, with respect to the execution of a Second Supplemental Indenture, dated June 1, 2000 (the "Second Supplemental Indenture"), to the Indenture dated April 1, 1991, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture dated September 9, 1992, between the Company and Bank One Trust company, NA, as successor trustee to The First National Bank of Chicago. The Second Supplemental Indenture was executed in order to amend the terms of a series of securities established under the Indenture entitled \$500,000,000 Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. Puttable Reset Securities PURS (SM) due June 1, 2018.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WAL-MART STORES, INC.

Date: August 25, 2000 /s/ H. Lee Scott, Jr.

H. Lee Scott, Jr.
President and
Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 25, 2000 /s/ Thomas M. Schoewe

Thomas M. Schoewe Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 12
Statement re computation of ratios

Six Months Ended July 31,

Fiscal Years Ended

	_	•					
	2000	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>
Income before income taxes	4,709	3,835**	9,083	7,323	5,719	4,877	4,359
Capitalized interest	(29)	(20)	(57)	(41)	(33)	(44)	(50)
Minority interest	(54)	(67)	(170)	(153)	(78)	(27)	(13)
Adjusted profit before tax*	4,627	3,748	8,856	7,129	5,608	4,806	4,296
Fixed charges							
Debt interest	536	251	756	529	555	629	692
Capital lease interest	138	131	266	268	229	216	196
Capitalized interest	29	20	57	41	33	44	50
Interest component of rent	232	265	458	523	477	449	425
Total fixed expense	935	667	1,537	1,361	1,294	1,338	1,363
Profit before taxes and fixed expenses	5,561	4,415	10,393	8,490	6,902	6,144	5,659
Fixed charge coverage	5.95	6.62	6.76	6.24	5.33	4.59	4.15

 $^{^{\}star}$ Does not include the cumulative effect of accounting change recorded by the Company in Fiscal 2000

^{**} Restated to reflect the impact on the six months ended July 31, 1999 of the accounting change recorded by the Company in fiscal 2000.

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